COCHLAEUS, JOHANNES, 1479-1552.
Johannes Cochlaeus letter, 1547

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Descriptive Summary

Creator: Cochlaeus, Johannes, 1479-1552.
Title: Johannes Cochlaeus letter, 1547
Call Number: Manuscript Collection No. 116
Extent: 0.1 cubic ft. (1 oversize folder)
Abstract: Contains one letter written by Cochlaeus to Julius von Pflug, the last Prince Bishop of Naumburg.
Language: Materials entirely in German.

Administrative Information

Restrictions on Access
Unrestricted access.

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Citation
[after identification of item(s)], Johannes Cochlaeus Letter, Richard C. Kessler Reformation Collection, Archives and Manuscripts Dept., Pitts Theology Library, Emory University.

Processing
Processed by Joan S. Clemens, October 1996.
Processed from accession number 97-005.

Collection Description

Biographical Note
Johannes Cochlaeus, a Roman Catholic controversialist, was born near Nuremberg on January 10, 1479. He died on January 10, 1552 at Breslau. Cochlaeus studied at Nuremberg and Cologne where he developed a dislike for scholastic theology. He graduated in 1517 from Ferrara with the

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degree of doctor of theology and was ordained in Rome. Cochlaeus started out in agreement with
many of Martin Luther’s ideas but by 1521 he had adopted the position of the Roman church and
produced many written pieces refuting Luther’s positions. The best known works of Johannes
Cochlaeus are *Historiae Hussitarum Libri XII* and *Commentaria de Actis et Scriptis M. Lutheri,
1517-1546*.

**Scope and Content Note**
This letter was written by Cochlaeus on June 6, 1547 to Julius von Pflug, the last Prince Bishop
of Naumburg. Cochlaeus congratulates von Pflug on his reinstatement into his office following
the defeat and capture of Elector John Frederick of Saxony in the Schmalkald War. The letter
also contains a reference by Cochlaeus to the transfer to Bologna of the meetings that became
known as the Council of Trent.