CRUIKSHANK, GEORGE, 1792-1878.  
George Cruikshank collection, 1835-1852  

Emory University  
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**Descriptive Summary**

**Creator:** Cruikshank, George, 1792-1878.  
**Title:** George Cruikshank collection, 1835-1852  
**Call Number:** Manuscript Collection No. 1314  
**Extent:** .25 linear ft. (1 box and 6 oversized papers (OP))  
**Abstract:** Collection of etchings by British caricaturist George Cruikshank published in *The Comic Almanack* from 1835 to 1852.  
**Language:** Materials entirely in English.  

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**Administrative Information**

**Restrictions on Access**  
Unrestricted access.  

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All requests subject to limitations noted in departmental policies on reproduction.  

**Source**  
Unknown  

**Citation**  
[after identification of item(s)], George Cruikshank collection, Stuart A. Rose Manuscript, Archives, and Rare Book Library, Emory University.  

**Processing**  
Processed by Michael Camp, September 2014.  

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**Collection Description**

**Biographical Note**  
George Cruikshank, British caricaturist and illustrator, was born on September 27, 1792, in London, England. His father, Isaac Cruikshank (circa 1756-1811), was a prominent caricaturist.  

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of the 1790s, and his older brother Isaac Robert Cruikshank also took up a career in caricature and illustration. George Cruikshank began his own career as his father's apprentice, and achieved early recognition for his work with William Hone on the political satire *The Political House That Jack Built* (1819). Cruikshank attacked Tories, Whigs, and Radicals equally and, along with James Gillray and Thomas Rowlandson, developed the figure of John Bull as a national personification of England. He caricatured Irish rebels for William Maxwell's *History of the Irish rebellion in 1798* (1845). Cruikshank also published a number of collections of his satirical caricatures, including *Prince Egan's Life in London* (1821), *The Comic Almanack* (1835-1853), and *Omnibus* (1842). In addition to Cruikshank's illustrations, *The Comic Almanack* also included literary contributions from William Makepeace Thackeray, Henry Mayhew, and others. By 1823, Cruikshank had also begun focusing on book illustrations, providing illustrations that year for the first English translation of *Grimms' Fairy Tales* (published in English as *German Popular Stories*). Though Cruikshank illustrated approximately 850 books, his most notable projects included providing illustrations for the Charles Dickens works *Sketches by Boz* (136), *The Mudfrog Papers* (1837-1838), and *Oliver Twist* (1838). In December 1871, Cruikshank published a letter in the London Times claiming intellectual credit for much of the plot of *Oliver Twist*. In the 1840s, Cruikshank shifted attention to the growing temperance movement in Britain. Previously a heavy drinker, he supplied illustrations for the National Temperance Society and the Total Abstinence Society.

On October 16, 1827, George Cruikshank married Mary Ann Walker (1807-1849). Two years after her death, in 1851, Cruikshank married Eliza Widdiston. George Cruikshank died on February 1, 1878, in London, and was buried in Kensal Green Cemetery, but his remains were moved in November to St. Paul's Cathedral. After his death, it was revealed that Cruikshank had fathered eleven children with former servant Adelaide Attree. The British Museum and the Victoria and Albert Museum hold collections of his work.

**Scope and Content Note**

This collection consists of etchings by George Cruikshank published in *The Comic Almanack* and produced by David Bogue of London from 1835 to 1852 includes Victorian humorous prose as well as a cartoon for each month of the year. The work, subtitled, *An Ephemeris in Jest and Earnest, containing All Things Fitting for Such a Work*, included distinguished literary contributors such as William Makepeace Thackeray and Henry Mayhew.

**Arrangement Note**

Arranged in chronological order.
### Container List

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Box</th>
<th>Folder</th>
<th>Content</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OP1</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Etchings, The Comic Almanack, 1835-1836</td>
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<tr>
<td>OP2</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Etchings, The Comic Almanack, 1838-1839</td>
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<td>-</td>
<td>Etchings, The Comic Almanack, 1844-1846</td>
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<tr>
<td>OP5</td>
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<td>Etchings, The Comic Almanack, 1847-1848</td>
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<tr>
<td>OP6</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Etchings, The Comic Almanack, 1850-1852</td>
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