Descriptive Summary

Creator: Raoul family.

Title: Raoul family papers, 1865-1985

Call Number: Manuscript Collection No. 548

Extent: 25.25 linear feet (51 boxes), 1 oversized papers box and 3 oversized papers folders (OP), and 1 oversized bound volume (OBV)

Abstract: Papers of the Raoul family including letters, journals, writings, photographs, financial and legal records, clippings, printed material, and memorabilia documenting two generations of this large and active Georgia family.

Language: Materials entirely in English.

Administrative Information

Restrictions on Access
Special restrictions apply: OP2a is restricted for preservation purposes.

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Source
Gift, from various sources.

Citation
[after identification of item(s)], Raoul family papers, Stuart A. Rose Manuscript, Archives, and Rare Book Library, Emory University.

Processing
Processed by DEW, 1982.

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Collection Description

Biographical Note
The Raoul family was centered in Georgia, primarily Savannah and Atlanta, although family members resided in other places at various times. The principal family members represented in the collection are William Greene Raoul (1843-1913), railroad president, his wife Mary Wadley Raoul (1848-1936), her sister Sarah Lois Wadley (1844-1920), and the ten children of William Greene and Mary Raoul.

William Greene Raoul (W.G.) and Mary Raoul were married October 27, 1868 in Savannah, Georgia. Between the years 1870 and 1890, eleven children were born to them. In addition to the ten surviving children, the couple had a sixth son, Edward Raoul, who died in 1882 at age two. The family first lived in the home of W. G. Raoul's father in Independence, Louisiana, where W. G. was associated with the Southern Car Works, a family railcar-building enterprise. When the Car Works failed in 1870, W. G. Raoul went to Georgia to work for his father-in-law on the Central of Georgia Railroad. For the ten years between 1870 and 1881, the family made its home in various places in middle Georgia, settling in Macon after 1874. In 1881, the Raouls moved to Savannah, where they lived in a house on the corner of Charlton and Abercorn Streets. During their seven-year residency in Savannah, the family made yearly summer pilgrimages to the cooler climates of north Georgia, the North Carolina mountains, and Martha's Vineyard. After a summer spent in Asheville in 1886, the family chose that city as a permanent summer home and site of their hotel complex, Albemarle Park.

In 1888, the Raouls moved to New York and established themselves in rented houses on Staten Island. After four years in New York, they returned to Georgia, this time to Atlanta where they settled permanently in 1892. There they took an active role in the civic and social life of the city. Both sons and daughters made their debuts into Atlanta society and family members involved themselves in a variety of social and charitable organizations. Although not active in church work, the family maintained ties to the Episcopal Church. The Raoul residence until 1914 was a large home on Peachtree Street designed for them by noted New York architect Bradford Gilbert in 1891. After her husband's death in 1913, Mary Wadley Raoul built a new house on Lullwater Road in Atlanta's Druid Hills subdivision. She occupied this home until her death in 1936 when its ownership passed to Eleonore Raoul.

The ten children of W. G. and Mary Wadley Raoul pursued varied and often unusual careers. Mary Wadley Raoul (Millis) (b. 1870) became associated with the Socialist Party in the early twentieth century and chaired the Angelo Herndon Freedom Committee (1933). The first son, W. G. Raoul, Jr. (b. 1872), after ventures in textiles and manufacturing, also embraced socialism before making and losing a fortune in the stock market in the 1920's. Gaston C. Raoul (1874-1960) became head of a refrigerator and furniture manufacturing concern in Chattanooga. After contracting tuberculosis at the age of twenty, Thomas Wadley Raoul (1876-1953) traveled seeking cures and later established a permanent residence in Asheville, North Carolina. Rebecca Raoul (b. 1878) devoted time to charity work and to the League of Women Voters.
Agnes Raoul (1882-1914) married Atlanta businessman Thomas K. Glenn and was active in civic and social affairs. Rosine Raoul (1885-1918) also contracted tuberculosis while in her early twenties and spent many of the last years of her life in sanatoriums. Loring Raoul (b. 1887) served in France during World War I, afterwards establishing a large farming enterprise in Florida. The youngest daughter, Eleonore Raoul (b. 1888), was active in the organization of the Equal Suffrage Party of Georgia and supported equal rights for women throughout her life. Please note that Eleonore Raoul changed the spelling of her first name from Eleanore to the French form, Eleonore in 1912. Eleonore Raoul Greene is referred to throughout this descriptive inventory as Eleonore Raoul because of her own practice of using her maiden name throughout most of her life. The youngest child, Norman Raoul (b. 1890), served as an artilleryman with the American Expeditionary Forces in France in World War I, then settled as a businessman in Chattanooga. Detailed biographical information on the family can be found in Mary Raoul Millis's 1943 memoir, *The Family of Raoul* (CS71/R22/1943). A photocopy of this work is filed in Series 4 of the collection.

**Scope and Content Note**

The Raoul family papers contain letters, journals, writings, photographs, financial and legal records, clippings, printed material, and memorabilia documenting two generations of this large and active Georgia family. Family letters comprise approximately two thirds of the entire collection. The earliest original item is a letter of Mary Wadley Raoul dating from 1865 and the most recent are letters to Eleonore Raoul from 1982. The great majority of the papers, however, span the forty years between 1880 and 1920 and provide a relatively complete account of the life of the family during this period.

The papers are arranged in four series. The largest, Series 1, Letters and Personal Papers, is divided into thirteen subseries, each organized around one of the individual family members identified in the biographical note above. Letters written by each family member are grouped with other personal papers in the subseries named for that individual. Most of the correspondence is between the children and Mary Wadley Raoul. Series 2 contains the family photographs; Series 3, financial and legal papers; and Series 4, miscellaneous materials relating to the family as a whole and items that were added to the collection during processing.

The Raoul family papers document the life of the family as a unit in Macon, Savannah, Atlanta, and Bolingbroke, Georgia, Staten Island, New York, and Asheville, North Carolina, and the lives of the children in the various places where they settled. Topics frequently mentioned in the correspondence include births and deaths, domestic matters, courtship and marriage, child raising, social events, health and illness, associations with relatives, and relationships between family members. The childhood and education of the ten Raoul children are well documented. Travel is another major subject covered in the papers. Raoul family members traveled extensively; many of the letters record visits to Bolingbroke, Asheville, New York, Mexico, Europe, and numerous other places. Business activities of the Raoul men are often discussed as well. Topics include railroad and railroad-related operations in the South and Mexico, cotton, shipping, and manufacturing concerns in Georgia and Chattanooga, and real estate ventures in Asheville. An indication of the family's property holdings and other assets is provided by the financial records. Other special subjects include Mary Raoul Millis' and William Greene Raoul, Jr.'s involvement with the Socialist Party, Eleonore Raoul's work with
the woman's suffrage movement and the League of Women Voters, and Tom and Rosine Raoul's battles with tuberculosis. The collection also contains information on the Wadley family.

Prominent correspondents represented in the papers include Joseph Emerson Brown, William Jennings Bryan, Carrie Lane Chapman Catt, Porfirio Diaz, William Berry Hartsfield, Atticus Greene Haygood, Alice Paul, and Thomas Edward Watson.

**Arrangement Note**
Organized into four series: (1) Letters and personal papers, (2) Photographs, (3) Financial and legal papers, and (4) Miscellaneous.

**Finding Aid Note**
A personal name index to selected correspondents is available.
Description of Series

Series 1: Letters and personal papers, 1865-1982
  Subseries 1.1: William Greene Raoul paper, 1875-1913
  Subseries 1.2: Mary Wadley Raoul papers, 1865-1936
  Subseries 1.3: Sarah Lois Wadley papers, 1874-1920
  Subseries 1.4: Mary Raoul Millis papers, 1879-1934
  Subseries 1.5: William Greene Raoul, Jr. papers, 1880-1949
  Subseries 1.6: Gaston C. Raoul papers, 1882-1959
  Subseries 1.7: Thomas Wadley Raoul papers, 1886-1933
  Subseries 1.8: Rebecca Barnard Raoul papers, 1883-1930
  Subseries 1.9: Agnes Raoul papers, 1890-1914
  Subseries 1.10: Rosine Raoul papers, 1892-1918
  Subseries 1.11: Loring Raoul papers, 1895-1957
  Subseries 1.12: Eleonore Raoul papers, 1894-1982
  Subseries 1.13: Norman Raoul papers, 1900-1931

Series 2: Photographs, circa 1850-1960

Series 3: Financial and legal papers, 1890-1970

Series 4: Miscellaneous, 1881-1982
Series 1
Letters and personal papers, 1865-1982
Boxes 1-35, OP 1-2

Scope and Content Note
The series consists of letters written by individual Raoul family members and their other personal papers from 1865-1982. Letters written by the named individual to other family members are generally arranged in chronological order at the beginning of each subseries; letters written to persons outside the family, correspondence received, and other personal papers follow. Photographs of individuals and families are in Series 2; legal and financial records for individual family members may be found in Series 3.

Arrangement Note
The series is organized into thirteen subseries representing each of the following persons: (1.1) William Greene Raoul papers, (1.2) Mary Wadley Raoul papers, (1.3) Sarah Lois Wadley papers, (1.4) Mary Raoul Millis papers, (1.5) William Greene Raoul, Jr. papers, (1.6) Gaston C. Raoul papers, (1.7) Thomas Wadley Raoul papers, (1.8) Rebecca Barnard Raoul papers, (1.9) Agnes Raoul papers, (1.10) Rosine Raoul papers, (1.11) Loring Raoul papers, (1.12) Eleonore Raoul papers, and (1.13) Norman Raoul papers.
Subseries 1.1
William Greene Raoul paper, 1875-1913
Boxes 1-2

Biographical Note
William Greene (W.G.) Raoul was the son of Gaston Turner (born Gaston Cesar Raoul de Champmanoir) and Emily (Davidson) Raoul. Born July 4, 1843, and raised in Livingston Parish, Louisiana, he served with the Washington Artillery, a New Orleans regiment, during the Civil War, achieving the rank of Captain in 1864. He remained in Louisiana after the war to operate the family's railcar construction business until its failure in 1870. That year, under the auspices of his father-in-law William Wadley, Raoul moved to Georgia to begin his career with the Central of Georgia Railway Company. Between 1870 and 1880, he held various positions within the Central system, including roadmaster, superintendent, and vice-president. In 1883, he was elected to succeed William Wadley as president of the Central, a post he held until 1887 when he was defeated for the office by E. P. Alexander. He subsequently served as president of the Mexican National Railway Company (1887-1904), the Atlantic and Birmingham Railway Company (1902-1905), and the Southwestern Railroad (1901-1913). Raoul actively supported the work of the Associated Charities of Atlanta and established the W. G. Raoul Foundation to combat tuberculosis in Georgia. He died in Atlanta on January 17, 1913 and is buried in Westview Cemetery. For an account of Raoul's association with the Central of Georgia Railway Company, see Maury Klein's, *The Great Richmond Terminal*, 1970 (HE2771/Al3K53).

Scope and Content Note
William Greene Raoul's papers include letters to his family, primarily to his wife, Mary Wadley Raoul, and his eldest daughter, Mary Raoul Millis (1882-1907); general and business correspondence (1875-1905); and miscellaneous materials mainly relating to his railroad career.

W. G. Raoul's letters to his wife concern his travels, family matters, his children's development, the development of Albemarle Park in Asheville, business ventures of his sons, and Tom's tuberculosis. There is also some coverage of his business activities.

William Raoul's earliest letters to daughter Mary question her about her acquaintances and the quality of her education (1886-1887). Long letters from Cuba and Mexico discuss his unfavorable impression of the natives and his difficulties in learning the language. Later letters comment on his support of bi-metalism (1895-1896) and national politics (1896).

The general correspondence consists mainly of letters to Raoul and relates primarily to W. G. Raoul's business interests, particularly the Central of Georgia Railway Company. The bulk dates from the time of his controversial election as president of the Central (1882-1883), and includes numerous letters of congratulation. Other correspondence concerns his subsequent loss of the presidency (1886), his attempt to be appointed a U.S. Railroad Commissioner (1887), his election to the presidency of the Mexican National Railway Company (1887), his Civil War service (1905), William Jennings Bryan's visit to Atlanta (1907), and the death mask of Napoleon owned by Raoul (1909). Letters to Raoul from various relatives, including his father are also contained here. Prominent correspondents include E. P. Alexander, Augustus O. Bacon, Joseph E. Brown, William Jennings Bryan, Porfirio Diaz, Atticus Greene Haygood, Leander

**Arrangement Note**
Arranged by record type.

**Letters, 1882-1907**

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**General correspondence and miscellaneous**

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Subseries 1.2
Mary Wadley Raoul papers, 1865-1936
Boxes 3-4

Biographical Note
The daughter of Georgia railroad executive, William Morrill Wadley and Rebecca Barnard (Everingham) Wadley, Mary Wadley Raoul was born March 4, 1848. Before her marriage to William Greene Raoul in 1868, she lived in Savannah and Monroe, Louisiana. She attended school briefly in Cave Spring, Floyd County, Georgia, in 1866. The twenty years between 1870 and 1890 were spent raising her ten children in Macon, Savannah, and New York. After the family settled in Atlanta in 1892, Mary became active in a number of civic and social organizations. She served on the board of the Cotton States and International Exposition in 1895, was a charter member of the Every Saturday Club, and maintained memberships in the Daughters of the American Revolution and the United Daughters of the Confederacy. She was also involved in promoting the Free Kindergarten movement in Atlanta and one of the city's early kindergartens was named for her. She died August 1, 1936 in Atlanta.

Scope and Content Note
Papers of Mary Wadley Raoul include letters to her family (1865-1935), letters from relatives and friends (1884-1935), and a small group of miscellaneous materials. Most of the early Mary Raoul letters are to her husband and concern the children and family activities (1870-1886). Letters from 1886 through May 1907 are primarily to her daughter Mary Raoul Millis. These letters give news of family events, including the Central of Georgia election (1886-1887) and her own unwanted pregnancy (1888). After Mary's marriage to John Millis in 1893, letters offer advice on setting up housekeeping, clothes and sewing, managing servants, detecting pregnancy, family health problems, weddings, travels, William Jr.'s failures, her own depression (1904), and the death of Ruth Cunningham Raoul (1905). Beginning in June 1907, most of the letters are to her sister Sarah Wadley. Several of the letters relate to her support of the suffrage movement (1915-1919), including one written from the 1915 national convention in Washington, D.C. The incoming letters are primarily from relatives. Miscellaneous materials include a journal she kept from 1872-1876 reporting mainly on the childhoods of her eldest children, Mary and William, Jr.

Arrangement Note
Arranged by record type.

Letters, 1865-1936

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**Other papers**

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Subseries 1.3
Sarah Lois Wadley papers, 1874-1920
Boxes 5-10

Biographical Note
Older sister of Mary Wadley Raoul, Sarah L. Wadley was born November 26, 1844 at the home of her Wadley grandparents in New Market, New Hampshire. After several years of residence in various places in Georgia and Louisiana she moved with her parents to a large plantation, "Great Hill Place," near Bolingbroke, Monroe County, Georgia in 1873. She remained there for the rest of her life, caring for her mother until the latter's death in 1905. Sarah Wadley died December 7, 1920.

Scope and Content Note
While the majority of the letters among the papers of Sarah L. Wadley are from Sarah to her sister Mary, a number are to her brother-in-law, W. G. Raoul, and to her Raoul nieces and nephews. The subseries also contains a small group of letters to Sarah Wadley from other relatives and friends and typescript extracts from her diary (1859-1862). [Diaries on microfilm in Sarah L. Wadley papers in this department.]

Written primarily from Great Hill Place, Sarah Wadley's letters provide a nearly unbroken account of Wadley family activities from 1874 to her death in 1920. The Raoul children were frequent visitors to Great Hill Place and Sarah often stayed with them in Atlanta during their parents' absence. The letters concern their activities, health and development, romances and marriages, business problems, and families.

Many of the letters describe domestic life and others report on the health of her mother, Rebecca B. Wadley, and her own poor health. Other letters concern her travels, the death of her mother (1905), the disposition of Great Hill Place (1907, 1917), and women's suffrage and voting (1917-1920). Sarah Wadley's letters to W. G. Raoul discuss her editorial assistance to him with Central of Georgia reports, Raoul's loss of the presidency of the Central, other railroad affairs, family finances, and her father, William M. Wadley.

Arrangement Note
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<td>Undated letters to Raoul family members</td>
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**Other papers**

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Subseries 1.4
Mary Raoul Millis papers, 1879-1934
Boxes 11-17

Biographical Note
Mary Raoul Millis, the oldest Raoul daughter, was born January 22, 1870, in Livingston Parish, Louisiana. She first attended day schools in Savannah and later spent two years at boarding school in Chestnut Hill, Pennsylvania. Her 1889 debut in New York was followed by a year in Europe (1890-1891). In 1893, she married John Millis, an officer with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. She spent the next twenty years in the various locations where her husband was stationed by the army. Mary left John Millis and moved to Atlanta in 1914, where she remained until her death in 1962. In 1909, under the influence of her brother William Greene Raoul, Jr., Mary joined the Socialist Party. She continued her association with the Party in Georgia, serving as state secretary from 1915 to 1919, presidential elector in the general election of 1928, state representative for the campaign committee of 1932, and educational director of the Atlanta local in 1933. In 1933, she also chaired the Angelo Herndon Freedom Committee. Mary was the mother of three children, Ralph Millis (1894-1938), historian Walter Millis (b. 1899), and Janet Millis (b. 1903).

Scope and Content Note
Papers of Mary Raoul Millis include letters to her mother and other family members, letters from her husband John Millis, and letters from friends and relatives. Also included are papers relating to her involvement with the American Civil Liberties Union and the Socialist Party in the early 1930's. Correspondence relating to her last illness (1957-1958) is located in Subseries 1.12, papers of Eleonore Raoul, and copies of her family memoir and unfinished autobiography can be found in Series 4.

Mary Raoul Millis' letters, written primarily to her mother, cover the fifty years from 1879 to 1929. The majority fall between 1886 and 1912, the period of her adolescence and her nearly twenty years as an army wife. The early letters discuss studies, beaux, social events, family activities and travels to New Orleans (1886, 1893), Mexico (1887, 1892), and Europe (1890-1891).

The letters following Mary's marriage to John Millis in 1893 give many details about life at the various posts where he was assigned - New Orleans (1893-1894), Washington, D.C. (1894-1898), Willets Point, New York (1898-1900), Seattle (1900-1905), Manila (1905-1907), and Cleveland (1908-1912). The Seattle letters are particularly descriptive of life and society in this city at the turn of the century. Lengthy journal letters (1905) document the Millis family's voyage to the Philippines, stops in Japan and China, and their early experiences in Manila. Other letters from this period concern army life on the Islands and the return voyage to the United States via Hong Kong (1907). The Cleveland letters (1908-1912) concern Mary's interest in Socialism and Christian Science and reflect her increasing unhappiness in marriage which led to a separation in 1912.

John Millis' letters to Mary, written during the period of their courtship and early marriage (1893-1900), concern his work supervising levee and channel construction on the Mississippi and Red Rivers (1893-1894), activities with the Light House Board in Washington, D.C.
(1894-1898), and frequent inspection tours. Other letters to Mary from friends, Wadley relatives, and her mother-in-law, Jane Millis, concern social events, Mary's marriage, and Raoul and Millis genealogy (1896-1897). Additional genealogical data on the Millis family is located among the miscellaneous material in this box, as are Mary's early writings.

The American Civil Liberties Union correspondence is primarily between Mary Raoul Millis and ACLU director Roger Baldwin (1931-1933). Topics include the formation of a civil liberties committee in Atlanta, chain gang abuses, the Scottsboro trial, a raid on the International Labor Defense's Atlanta offices, blacks and the local Atlanta police situation, and Mary's refusal to serve as state chairman of the ACLU in Georgia because of the race issue (1933). Correspondence relating to the Socialist Party in Georgia is mainly between Mary Raoul Millis and Clarence Senior, executive secretary of the party. Most of the letters concern plans, activities, the election of 1932 and Norman Thomas's candidacy, and the status of the Party in Georgia, Alabama, and the South in general. Many of Mary's letters discuss the problems of organizing blacks into the Party in Georgia, a step which she opposed. Miscellaneous materials relating to the Socialist Party include lists, bylaws, campaign literature and election ballots.

**Arrangement Note**
Arranged by record type.

**Letters to Mary Wadley Raoul**

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14  20  Undated

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15  3  1893, September
15  4  1893, October
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15  6  1894, July
15  7  1894, August
15  8  1894, September
15  9  1894, October-December
16  1  1895, January-June
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16  3  1895, August-October
16  4  1896, January-June
16  5  1896, July
16  6  1896, August
16  7  1897
16  8  1898, February
16  9  1898, March
16  10  1898, August-November
16  11  1899-1900 and undated

**Letters from various persons**
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17  3  1890-1891
17  4  1892
17  5  1893
17  6  1894-1895
17  7  1896-1897
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17  10  1900-1901
17  11  1902
17  12  1903-1904
17  13  1905-1907
17  14-15  Undated
17  16  American Civil Liberties Union - Correspondence, 1931-1933
17  17  Socialist Party - Correspondence, 1920, 1928-1932, July
17  18  Socialist Party - Correspondence, 1932, August-September
17  19  Socialist Party - Correspondence, 1932, October-1934
17  20  Socialist Party - Miscellaneous
17  21  Miscellaneous (general)
Subseries 1.5  
William Greene Raoul, Jr. papers, 1880-1949  
Boxes 18-19  

Biographical Note  
William Raoul, Jr. was born in Macon, Georgia, on April 30, 1872. He received his education at various Savannah and New York schools and the Lawrenceville School in New Jersey, from which he was expelled in 1889. After working for a year in the New York architectural firm of Bradford Gilbert, he rejoined the family in Atlanta in 1893. In the mid-1890's, William endeavored unsuccessfully to establish a career in the developing Southern textile industry. He worked in cotton mills in Atlanta, Lindale, Roswell, and West Point, Georgia, and spent a brief apprenticeship at mills in Lawrence and Lowell, Massachusetts. His next business venture was with the Southern Saw Works in East Point, Georgia, from 1899 to 1901. William was secretary-treasurer of the firm and also mayor of East Point during this period. After 1902, he was associated with the South Atlantic Car and Manufacturing Company in Waycross, Georgia. While in Waycross, he became interested in Socialism and devoted the next several years to Socialist activities, editing a Socialist newspaper in Birmingham in 1910 and organizing for the Socialist Party of Montana in 1911. Subsequent ventures included homesteading, shipping and investing in the New York stock market, where he made and lost a sizeable fortune between 1924 and 1930. He made his home in various places after 1911 settling finally near Atlantic Highlands in New Jersey. William was married first to Ruth Cunningham from 1901 until her death in 1905. His second marriage in 1915 to his first cousin, Winifred Wadley, ended in divorce on March 12, 1917. On March 16, 1917, he married Margaret Lente of New York. William had one child, a son John Cummingham (b. 1901), who lived only a few hours.

Scope and Content Note  
Spanning the years 1880 to 1949, papers of William Greene Raoul, Jr. include letters to his mother and other members of the family as well as miscellaneous materials. Several folders of letters from his wife Ruth Cunningham Raoul to her mother-in-law are also located in the subseries.

William Raoul's early letters were written from the Lawrenceville School in New Jersey (1888), from New York City (1892-1893), from the Chicago World's Fair (1893), and from the family's new home in Atlanta (1893-1894). Letters from Lowell, Massachusetts recount his experiences in the "card" and "picker" rooms and his attempts to supervise the mill hands (1895). Subsequent letters concern his work with the Southern Saw Works in East Point, Georgia (1899-1901), and the Irwin County Cotton Mills and the South Atlantic Car and Manufacturing Company in Waycross, Georgia (1902-1906). These latter letters discuss his financial and marital difficulties as well.

William Raoul's letters for 1910 and 1911 relate almost entirely to his newly-embraced Socialism. Letters from Birmingham where he edited a Socialist newspaper, The People's Voice, discuss his activities and friends, his philosophical ideas, and his upbringing (1910). Letters written from Kansas, Colorado, Wyoming, Washington, and Montana discuss the status of Socialism in the West and his activities as an organizer for the Socialist Party of Montana (1911). There are only scattered letters after 1911.
Miscellaneous materials include handbills for William's appearances in Montana and a typescript sketch, "Uncle Loring: Georgia Scene of the 1880's." Ruth Cunningham Raoul's letters to her mother-in-law (1902-1904) written from Asheville and various Georgia towns, primarily concern her health problems and miscarriage.

**Arrangement Note**
Arranged in chronological order.

**Letters of William Greene Raoul, Jr.**

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**Letters of Ruth Cunningham Raoul**

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Subseries 1.6
Gaston C. Raoul papers, 1882-1959
Boxes 20-22

Biographical Note
Gaston C. Raoul was born March 1, 1874 at Great Hill Place in Bolingbroke, Georgia. He attended schools in Savannah, the Lawrenceville School in New Jersey, and the Georgia Institute of Technology. Between 1890 and 1903, Gaston held a variety of positions with railroads in Kentucky, Mexico, Georgia, Alabama, and New York. After a brief stint with the ship brokerage firm of J. F. Minis and Company in Savannah, he settled permanently in Chattanooga in 1905. There he headed a refrigerator and furniture manufacturing concern, known variously as the Keyser Manufacturing Company, the Odorless Refrigerator Company, the Tennessee Furniture Corporation, and the Cavalier Corporation. Gaston married Marian Alexander Haskell in 1908. The couple had five children, Alice Van Yeveren (1909-1916), William Gaston (b. 1911), Marian Haskell (b. 1913), Rosine (b. 1915), and Dorothea Van Yeveren (b. 1917). Gaston died in 1960.

Scope and Content Note
Materials of Gaston C. Raoul include his letters to family members (1886-1949), a few letters from relatives and business associates (1882-1939), and a journal he kept while attending Lawrenceville School in New Jersey and working as a rodman in Kentucky (1888-1890). Also included in the subseries is a small group of letters from Gaston's wife Marian Haskell Raoul to Mary Wadley Raoul (1907-1912).

The bulk of Gaston Raoul's letters date between 1888 and 1910 and are primarily to his mother. The earliest letters describe his activities at the Lawrenceville School (1888-1889), road-building work with the Kentucky Union Railroad (1890) and the Savannah Construction Company (1890-1891), and family life in Atlanta (1891-1894). From 1894 to 1897, Gaston worked for his father on the Mexican National Railroad, and letters from this period discuss his work on the lines and in the telegraph offices, his relationships with the Mexicans, and his despondency over his future. Subsequent attempts to find a career are documented by letters written while he worked as a division supervisor with the Central of Georgia Railroad in Macon and Alabama (1897-1899), as purchasing agent for the Mexican National Railroad in New York (1899-1,303), as a partner with the ship brokerage firm of J. F. Minis and Company in Savannah (1903-1904), and finally as president of the Keyser Manufacturing Company in Chattanooga (1905-1949). In addition to business ventures, Gaston discussed typhoid and yellow fever epidemics in the South (1898), and his extensive readings, travels, social activities, his family, and personal affairs.

Arrangement Note
Arranged by record type.

Letters of Gaston C. Raoul, 1886-1957

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Raoul family papers, 1865-1985

Manuscript Collection No. 548

22 3 1906, January-April
22 4 1906, May-December
22 5 1907
22 6 1908
22 7 1909, January-July
22 8 1909, August-October
22 9 1910
22 10 1911-1912
22 11 1916-1957
22 12 Undated
22 13 Letters from various persons, 1882-1940

Other papers
22 14 Journal, 1888
22 15 Journal, 1889-1890
22 16 "Being a Discursive Account of a Dilatory Journey from Great Hill to Chattanooga, Net Distance Covered, 210 Miles, Elapsed Time, 31 Years, 1874-1905 by Gaston Cesar Raoul, 29 September 1959 (copy)
22 17 "Being a Discursive Account of a Dilatory Journey from Great Hill to Chattanooga, Net Distance Covered, 210 Miles, Elapsed Time, 31 Years, 1874-1905 by Gaston Cesar Raoul, 29 September 1959 (annotated copy)
22 18 Clipping: Gaston C. Raoul on Georgia Tech football team (1893)
22 19 Tribute by Cavalier Corporation, September 1960
22 20 Miscellaneous

Letters of Marian Haskell Raoul
22 21 1907-1908
22 22 1909
22 23 1910-1912
Subseries 1.7
Thomas Wadley Raoul papers, 1886-1933
Box 23 and 48-50

Biographical Note
Thomas Wadley Raoul was born in Macon, Georgia, on August 13, 1876. He was educated in Savannah and New York before entering college at the Georgia Institute of Technology. In 1896, while he was employed with the cotton firm S. M. Inman and Company in Macon, he became ill with tuberculosis. During the years between 1897 and 1909, he travelled widely in the Western United States and in Europe, seeking to cure his illness. His permanent home during this period and afterwards was Asheville, North Carolina, where he managed the Raoul family's resort establishment, Albemarle Park, until 1920. From 1921 until his death in 1953, he was president of the Biltmore Forest Company and served as treasurer and clerk of the town of Biltmore Forest. He was president and director of the Asheville Chamber of Commerce and a member of the North Carolina Park Commission. He married Helen Doyle Bennett in 1910, and had two daughters, Kathleen (b. 1913) and Jane (b. 1915).

Scope and Content Note
Thomas Wadley Raoul's letters to his mother and other family members, particularly his father and sister Mary, cover 1886 to 1933, with the majority dating between 1895 and 1901. His early letters concern his travels to the Chicago World's Fair and Mexico, social events in Atlanta and Bolingbroke, and his employment in Macon (1895-1896). Many letters after 1896 were written during the frequent trips he undertook seeking a cure for his tuberculosis. These include letters from Mexico and California (1896-1897), Europe (1903), Arizona and Oregon (1904-1907), and Germany (1909). Several of the 1909 letters from Germany concern the condition of his sister Rosine, who contracted the disease during their stay there.

The majority of Tom Raoul's letters were written from Asheville, where he settled for health reasons in 1897. These primarily relate to the development and operation of the Albemarle Park Company. A few printed materials about Albemarle Park are included with the letters of 1902. Other Asheville letters concern social life at the Manor, visits from architect Bradford Gilbert and from family members, and civic and community affairs, particularly the public school system, road building, the activities of the Vanderbilt family (1900), and the status of tuberculosis legislation and the hotel trade in North Carolina (1915).

Arrangement Note
Arranged by record type.

Letters, 1886-1943
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Raoul family papers, 1865-1985
Manuscript Collection No. 548

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23  9  1899, May-December
23 10  1900, January-May
23 11  1900, June-December
23 12  1901, January-April
23 13  1901, May-August
23 14  1901, September-December
48  1  1902
48  2  1903, January-April
48  3  1903, May-August
48  4  1903, September-December
48  5  1904, February-March
48  6  1904, April-June
48  7  1904, July
48  8  1904, August-September
48  9  1904, October-December
49  1  1905, January-July
49  2  1905, August-December
49  3  1906, January-February
49  4  1906, March-October
49  5  1906, Nov-December
49  6  1907, January-February
49  7  1907, March-April
49  8  1907, May-August
49  9  1907, September
49 10  1907, October-November
49 11  1907, December
50  1  1908, January-February
50  2  1908, March-May
50  3  1908, Oct-December
50  4  1909, January-April
50  5  1909, May-December
50  6  1910-1919
50  7  1927-1943
50  8  Undated letters(2)

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Subseries 1.8
Rebecca Barnard Raoul papers, 1883-1930
Box 24

Biographical Note
Rebecca Raoul was born on September 21, 1878 in Macon, Georgia. She was educated at various schools in New York and Atlanta, including the Washington Seminary. Following her debut in Atlanta (1897) and a tour of Europe (1899), she worked as volunteer district secretary of the Associated Charities of Atlanta and took active part in city social life. In 1908, Rebecca married Captain Frederick William Altstaetter of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. Three children were born to them, Mary Wadleigh (b. 1909), William Raoul (b. 1911), and Antonia (b. 1915). Between 1908 and 1918, the Altstaetter family lived in Wheeling, West Virginia, Washington, D.C., and Grand Rapids, Michigan. In 1918, they took up permanent residence in Savannah, where Rebecca was active in the League of Women Voters. She died on May 14, 1962.

Scope and Content Note
Letters from Rebecca Barnard Raoul, primarily to her mother and also to her sisters, date from 1883 to 1930. A few letters from her husband Frederick Altstaetter to his mother-in-law (1910-1919) are included. Many of Rebecca Raoul's letters were written during her frequent travels to Europe (1899 and 1903), Asheville and New York (1899-1900), Seattle (1902) and Japan (1905). On several occasions, she accompanied brother Tom on his search for a healthy climate. Letters from their trips West (1896-1897 and 1904) and their stay at a sanatorium in the Black Forest of Germany (1903) are included. Letters after 1908 from Wheeling, West Virginia. Rebecca's letters discuss family relationships, her brother's illness, social life in Atlanta, beaux, children and servants, travels, pregnancy and childbirth.

Arrangement Note
Arranged in chronological order.

Letters of Rebecca Barnard Raoul

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24  13  1930
24  14  Undated

**Letters of Frederick Altstaetter**
24  15  1910-1919
Subseries 1.9  
Agnes Raoul papers, 1890-1914  
Box 25

Biographical Note
Agnes Raoul was born at Great Hill Place in Bolingbroke, Georgia on August 10, 1882. She attended Washington Seminary in Atlanta and Vassar College. After her Atlanta debut in 1901, she travelled in Europe in 1903 and returned to Atlanta to wed businessman Thomas Kearney Glenn in 1904. They were the parents of two sons, Wadley Raoul (b. 1905) and Wilbur Fisk (b. 1906). The Glenns were prominent members of Atlanta society and Agnes was active in establishing the Parent-Teacher Association in the city. She died of a brain tumor on November 3, 1914.

Scope and Content Note
The early letters of Agnes Raoul report on school, family activities, and Agnes's visits to brother Tom in Asheville and sister Mary in Washington, D.C. and Willet's Point, Long Island. Most of the letters were written from Vassar College, where Agnes was a student from 1899 to 1901. These letters detail her early impressions of the college, her activities as president of the freshman class, and various school rituals and student pastimes. In later letters she discussed her debut, her trip to Europe, and plans for her wedding to Tom Glenn. After her marriage, letters recount news of her children and in-laws, daily events, and occasional trips. A few school compositions (1891-1892) complete the subseries.

Arrangement Note
Arranged by record type.

Letters, 1890-1914

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Other papers
25  15  School compositions, 1891-1892
Subseries 1.10
Rosine Raoul papers, 1892-1918
Boxes 26-28

Biographical Note
Born on January 8, 1885 in Savannah, Rosine Raoul was educated at Washington Seminary in Atlanta and at Pratt Institute and the Veltin School in New York City, where she studied art. She made her debut in Atlanta in about 1904 and for the several years thereafter maintained an active social life in that city, often taking part in theater productions. In 1909, Rosine became ill with tuberculosis. Her next six years were spent primarily at sanatoriums in the Black Forest of Germany, Asheville, North Carolina, and Loomis, New York. From 1915 to 1918, she resided in Highlands, North Carolina. She died November 22, 1918 in Atlanta. Rosine Raoul was a published poet, essayist, and illustrator.

Scope and Content Note
Rosine Raoul's papers consist primarily of letters to her family from 1892 until her death in 1918. These letters, which bulk between 1898 and 1912, are mainly to her mother. The subseries also contains letters from friends, memorabilia, and samples of her drawings, poetry, and other writings.

Rosine’s earliest letters describe visits to Great Hill Place, Washington, D.C., Mexico, and Asheville (1892-1900); her brief enrollment at the Pratt Institute in New York (1899); and her years at the Veltin School in New York (1901-1903). Letters from 1904 to 1908 describe her active social life, courtships, travels, and art classes. Her letters from Arizona in 1906 and Germany in 1908 concern the poor health of brother Tom with whom she was travelling. Her own ill health, including a breakdown, is the subject of letters between 1906 and 1908.

Rosine Raoul's letters from 1909 to 1918 document her losing battle with the "White Plague," tuberculosis. The letters from Germany detail the symptoms of her disease and the treatment she received at two Black Forest sanatoriums, Reiboldsgrun and Wehrawald. From 1910 to 1911, she wrote from Asheville, primarily from St. Joseph's Sanitarium, while other letters describe her stay at the Loomis Sanatorium in New York from 1911 to 1912.

The writings of Rosine Raoul include her poetry notebook (1907-1908), and other poems, some of which appear in their published versions. Several were written during her stay at St. Joseph's and Loomis sanatoriums. Also included are short stories, reviews, other articles, and a play (1896). An additional article by Rosine on suffrage is filed in Subseries 1.12, papers of Eleonore Raoul (box 33, folder 1).

Arrangement Note
Arranged by record type.

Letters, 1892-1918

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**Other papers**

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Subseries 1.11
Loring Raoul papers, 1895-1957
Box 29

Biographical Note
Loring Raoul was born in Savannah on August 7, 1887. He attended the Peacock School in Atlanta and the Woodberry Forest School in Orange, Virginia before enrolling at the University of Georgia in 1904. After graduation in 1907, Loring held a variety of jobs in Chattanooga, Atlanta, and Asheville. In 1910, he established a chicken and egg business, "Cherokee Farms," in Smyrna, Georgia. Following his service with the army in France during World War I, Loring spent four years as production manager of the Tennessee Furniture Corporation in Chattanooga. After a brief residence in Scarsdale, New York, he settled in Sarasota, Florida, where he maintained a large farming enterprise. He was married in 1913 to Mary Courtenay Harrison, daughter of Col. Z. D. Harrison of "Fernbank" in Atlanta. They had three children, Harrison (b. 1914), Mary Wadliegh (b. 1919), and Loring (b. 1924). He died in Sarasota in November 1976.

Scope and Content Note
Most of Loring Raoul's letters date between 1902 and 1910 while he was attending preparatory school and college. Nearly all are to his mother, with a few to his sister Eleonore. Weekly letters from the Woodberry Forest School discuss lessons and examinations, football, track and field events, and the progress of brother Norman, who also attended Woodberry Forest (1902-1904). Between 1904 and 1907, Loring's letters describe college activities at the University of Georgia. Other letters are from Chattanooga, where he worked for brother Gaston at the Odorless Refrigerator Company (1907-1908), and from Asheville, where he worked in the office and on the grounds of the Manor (1909-1910). Later letters document his study of dairy farming in the Midwest (1910) and his military service at Camp Dix in New York during World War I (1918).

Arrangement Note
Arranged in chronological order.

Letters, 1895-1957

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Subseries 1.12
Eleonore Raoul papers, 1894-1982
Boxes 30-34; OP 1-2

Biographical Note
Eleonore Raoul was born November 13, 1888 on Staten Island in New York. She received her early education at Washington Seminary in Atlanta, the Veltin School in New York City, and Saint Timothy's School near Baltimore. After her debut in Atlanta in 1907, Eleonore worked with the Associated Charities of Atlanta, took correspondence courses through the University of Chicago, and attended the Chicago School of Civics and Philanthropy in 1912.

In 1915-1916, she served as organizer, press agent, and later as chairman of the Fulton and DeKalb Counties Branch of the Equal Suffrage Party of Georgia. She went on to work for a year with the National American Woman Suffrage Association as a field organizer in West Virginia and in the national offices of the Association in New York City. Returning to Atlanta in 1917, Eleonore enrolled in the Lamar School of Law at Emory University, and in 1920, became the first woman graduate of that school. Her brief law practice in Atlanta was interrupted the following year by a serious illness. During the early 1920's, Eleonore helped organize the Atlanta League of Women Voters and served as its president in 1922 and 1930. She remained active in Georgia League of Women Voters work throughout her life. She was the recipient of an honorary degree from Emory University in 1979. In 1928, Eleonore married Atlanta lawyer, Harry Letcher Greene. The couple adopted three children, Harry L., Jr. (b. 1931), Victoria (b. 1931), and Eleonore Raoul (b. 1935).

Scope and Content Note
Papers of Eleonore Raoul include correspondence, diaries, speeches, and other writings, subject files, clippings, and memorabilia. Also included are materials documenting her work with the woman's suffrage movement and the League of Women Voters in Georgia.

Eleonore Raoul's letters to her friends and family date from 1895 to 1968, with the majority dating between 1906 and 1918. Many are to her mother, with others to her sister Rosine and daughter Lee. The early letters concern her activities at Saint Timothy's School (1905-1907), her extensive travels to visit relatives and friends (1907-1913), and her social and civic activities in Atlanta and Asheville (1909-1911). Letters from Chicago describe her work at a settlement house, her exposure to Socialism and union sentiments, and her attendance at lectures by Jane Addams and Bill Haywood (1912). Other letters concern her visits to Asheville (1910) and Loomis, New York (1912), to take care of sister Rosine.

Between 1915 and 1917, most of Eleonore's letters concern her work with the woman's suffrage movement. She wrote Rosine about her travels and fundraising efforts for the Equal Suffrage Party in Georgia (1915-1916) and discussed her ideological differences with the Party leadership. Lengthy letters to her mother and Rosine during her service as a suffrage field worker in West Virginia for the National American Woman Suffrage Association describe speaking engagements, fund-raising, street meetings, door-to-door work and other activities (April-November 1916). She also discussed her low salary, long hours, lack of progress of the movement in West Virginia, and problems with her supervisors in the National Association. From December 1916 to March 1917, she wrote from the Association's headquarters in New
York, where she was hired by Carrie Chapman Catt for general clerical work. Eleonore's later letters include several to sister Rebecca attempting to resolve an old quarrel (1930) and a number to daughter Lee at boarding school (1949-1954).

The incoming letters are from friends and relatives, including several from husband Harry L. Greene and son Hal. There are letters of congratulations on her marriage (1928), and letters regarding her support of French war orphans (1931), her house and property in Highlands, North Carolina and Wadley family genealogy (1938), and sister Mary's last illness (1957-1958). Eleonore's diary (1921-1923) contains brief entries describing her attempts to establish a law practice in Atlanta, her involvement with the League of Women Voters, social events, and her serious illness during the latter half of 1922. The subject files concern activities with civic organizations to improve local government, her service on the boards of Fernbank, Inc. and the Fernbank Forest Association, and other topics.

Eleonore Raoul's suffrage materials include correspondence, printed materials, clippings, posters, and scattered issues of suffrage journals. The correspondence relates to the Equal Suffrage Party of Georgia (1915), Eleonore's resignation as chairman of Fulton and DeKalb Counties Branch of the Party (1916), her work in West Virginia and New York with the National Association (1916-1917), and activities of the National Woman's Party (1917-1918). Correspondents include Carrie Chapman Catt and Alice Paul. Miscellaneous materials relating to the suffrage movement in Georgia include a description of the Atlanta suffrage parade of 1915, items concerning the attempt to merge the Georgia Woman's Suffrage Association and the Equal Suffrage Party of Georgia, and brief reminiscences by Eleonore Raoul about her involvement with the Equal Suffrage Party. One item of particular interest is the "Woman's Journal and Suffrage News Traveling Kampaign Kit" (ca. 70 pages), containing instructions on how to handle fund-raising, publicity, exhibits, meetings, and programs, and providing methods for rebutting anti-suffrage arguments.

The League of Women Voters papers document Eleonore Raoul's involvement with three League organizations - the Atlanta, DeKalb County, and Georgia Leagues. The earliest materials concern the infant Atlanta League of Women Voters during the period of Eleonore's presidency in 1922. Included is a small amount of correspondence, items regarding the League-conducted Charter Campaign (an attempt to give Atlanta a city manager form of government), and the records of the League treasurer, Mrs. W. W. Lotspeich. A few Atlanta League materials of a later date are also present, including Eleonore's reminiscences on the history of the League. The DeKalb County League materials (1946-1959) include Eleonore's file from her service as co-chairman of the 1948 Finance Drive. The Georgia League of Women Voters materials (1946-1958) relate primarily to Eleonore's activities (1946-1948) as chairman of the Organization Committee (renamed the Extension Committee in 1948). Included are correspondence between state officers and individuals in local districts concerning the development of new chapters, reports on the work of the Extension Committee, and radio scripts used for promoting the League and its aims in Georgia.

**Arrangement Note**
Arranged by record type.

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**Correspondence and writings**

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**Subject files and miscellaneous**

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### Suffrage papers, 1915-1920

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<td>Miscellaneous materials re suffrage movement in Georgia</td>
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### League of Women Voters papers, 1922-1959

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Subseries 1.13
Norman Raoul papers, 1900-1931
Box 35

Biographical Note
Norman Raoul was born in New Brighton on Staten Island, New York on March 22, 1890. He was educated at Woodberry Forest School in Orange, Virginia, and the Culver Military Academy in Culver, Indiana. Between 1908 and 1910, he held positions with the Georgia Power Company and the Atlanta Clearing House. Norman worked for the Odorless Refrigerator Company in Chattanooga from 1910 until 1917, when he enlisted in the U.S. Army. During World War I, he served as an artillery officer with the 82nd Division of the American Expeditionary Force in France. Returning to Chattanooga after the war, he went to work for his father-in-law in the Chattanooga Implement and Manufacturing Company, serving first as treasurer and later vice-president. The depression of 1930 ended his twelve-year association with the company and in 1932 he became manager of the Post Exchange at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia, near Chattanooga. Norman was a Mason and a member of the American Legion. He was married in 1915 to Frances Powell Sholar of Chattanooga. They were the parents of three children, Edward Sholar (1916-1919), Anne Elizabeth (b. 1921), and Norma Frances (b. 1929).

Scope and Content Note
Norman Raoul's letters are almost all to his mother, with a few to his father and sisters, Mary, Rosine, and Eleonore. They span the period 1900 to 1931, the bulk dating between 1900 and 1918. The subseries also contains one letter from Norman's wife Frances Sholar Raoul to her mother-in-law (1916). Several letters were written from the Woodberry Forest School that Norman attended from 1902 to 1905, and the Culver Military Academy in Culver, Indiana, which he attended from 1906 to 1908. These letters concern school activities, sporting events, and academic and disciplinary problems at Woodberry Forest that led to his withdrawal in February 1905. Letters from Atlanta and Chattanooga, where Norman settled in 1910 to work for his brother Gaston at the Odorless Refrigerator Company discuss work, marriage, children and perennial financial problems (1910-1913). Other letters, censored by military authorities, document Norman's service during World War I in the trenches and at the Saumur Artillery School in France (1918).

Arrangement Note
Arranged by record type

Letters of Norman Raoul

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35 8 1907, May-December
35 9 1908, January-February
35 10 1908, March-August
35 11 1909-1910
35 12 1911
35 13 1912
35 14 1915-1916
35 15 1918
35 16 1929-1931
35 17 Undated

Letter of Frances Sholar Raoul
35 18 1916
Series 2
Photographs, circa 1850-1960
Boxes 36-41 and 51; OP 3-7

Scope and Content Note
Among the family photographs in Series 2 are portrait photographs of family members, snapshots of home life, travels and other activities, and additional photographs collected by the family. Boxes 36-38 contain photographs of the thirteen principal family members represented in Series 1 and of their immediate families; Box 39 contains photographs of other Raoul and Wadley relatives and miscellaneous subjects associated with the family; Box 40 contains portraits of unidentified individuals and groups and miscellaneous snapshots of persons and scenes; and Box 41 contains a collection of stereographs.

Among the subjects documented by the photographs are turn-of-the-century residences in Seattle (Millis family snapshots), Tom Raoul's rustic life in Oracle, Arizona (1904-1906), Rosine Raoul's activities at Loomis Sanatorium (1911-1912), Eleonore Raoul's school days at Saint Timothy's (1906), the visit of William Jennings Bryan to Atlanta (1907), and the travels of the Raoul children in Europe and the Orient. Others depict the Raoul sons' business activities, including William Greene Raoul, Jr. with employees of the South Atlantic Car and Manufacturing Company in Waycross (1906), Tom Raoul and operations at the S. M. Inman and Company in Macon (1895-1896), and Gaston Raoul's refrigerator manufacturing concern in Chattanooga (stereographs). Photographs of the Peachtree Street and Great Hill Place houses are included, as are a number of photos of the Albemarle Park hotel and cottages in Asheville. An 1882 photograph shows the headquarters of the Central of Georgia Railway Company draped with mourning ribbon after the death of William M. Wadley. Atlanta photographer Columbus Washington Motes took a number of the photographs in this series.

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<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>William Greene Raoul, pre-1900 (4 cartes-de-visite, 11 cabinet photos)</td>
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<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>William Greene Raoul, post-1900 (9 photos, 3 snapshots)</td>
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<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>William Greene Raoul, and Mary Wadley Raoul (1 photo)</td>
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<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Mary Wadley Raoul, ca. 1850-1895 (6 cartes-de-visite, 5 cabinet photos)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Mary Wadley Raoul, 1900-ca. 1930 (9 photos, 4 snapshots)</td>
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<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>5a</td>
<td>William Greene Raoul, and Mary Wadley Raoul, children, ca. 1910 (1 photo)</td>
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<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Sarah L. Wadley (8 photos including 1 carte-de-visite, 3 cabinet photos, and 1 snapshot)</td>
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<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>Mary Raoul Millis, ca. 1875-1910 (8 photos including 3 cabinet photos and 4 cartes-de-visite)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>John Millis (1 photo)</td>
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<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>Ralph Millis, 1895-1934 (8 photos including 2 cabinet photos and 1 snapshot)</td>
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<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Walter Millis, 1901-ca. 1910 (7 photos)</td>
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<td>36</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>Janet Millis, ca. 1910 (1 photo)</td>
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<td>36</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>Millis children, 1900-1906 (4 photos including 1 cabinet photo)</td>
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<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>Millis family snapshots, 1901-1912 (48 snapshots)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
William Greene Raoul, Jr., 1876-1901 (9 photos including 2 cartes-de-visite and 2 cabinet photos)

William Greene Raoul, Jr., 1906-1925 (16 photos including 1 cyanotype and 3 snapshots)

Ruth Cunningham Raoul, ca. 1901 (2 photos)

Gaston C. Raoul, ca. 1878-1930 (5 photos including 1 carte-de-visite and 3 cabinet photos)

Gaston C. Raoul family, 1910-1921 (15 photos including 7 snapshots)

Thomas Wadley Raoul, ca. 1880-1897 (1 picture)

Thomas Wadley Raoul, 1900-1927 (27 photos including 21 snapshots)

Thomas Wadley Raoul and family, 1914-1917 (16 photos including 3 snapshots)

Thomas Wadley Raoul and family, 1920-1945 (21 photos including 3 snapshots)

Rebecca Barnard Raoul and family, 1902-1954 (5 photos including 1 cyanotype and 4 snapshots)

Agnes Raoul and family, 1884-1954 (9 photos including 3 cartes-de-visite and 3 cabinet photos)

Rosine Raoul, 1888-1911 (11 photos including 2 cartes-de-visite and 3 cabinet photos)

Rosine Raoul, 1909-1913 (photo album - mainly snapshots)

Rosine Raoul at Loomis Sanatorium, 1911-1912 (42 photos - mainly snapshots)

Rosine Raoul - miscellaneous (32 photos - mainly snapshots)

Loring Raoul, ca. 1900-1918 (9 photos)

Loring Raoul family, ca. 1910-1930 (9 photos)

Eleonore Raoul and family, ca. 1889-1960 (46 photos including 4 cabinet photos and 24 snapshots) [Image 0548-001.tif]

Eleonore Raoul at Saint Timothy's, 1906 (photo album)

Harry L. Greene, Jr. and family, 1962-1967 (41 snapshots)

Harry L. Greene, Jr. and family, undated (21 photos - mainly snapshots)

Norman Raoul and family, ca. 1900-1960 (13 photos)

William Greene Raoul and daughters with William Jennings Bryan, ca. 1907 (2 photos)

Raoul children - group portraits, ca. 1905-1930 (3 photos)

Tom, Rebecca, and Agnes Raoul in Europe, 1903 (13 snapshots)

Mary Raoul Millis and Rebecca Raoul in Japan, 1906 (2 cartes-de-visite, 26 snapshots)

Tom and Rosine Raoul in Germany, 1909 (9 snapshots)

Rebecca Everingham Wadley Noble (1 carte-de-visite and 2 cabinet photos)

Gaston Turner Raoul (1 carte-de-visite)

Robert Giffin Raoul (1 photo)

Yvonne Raoul (6 photos)

Colcord Wadley (1 carte-de-visite)
| 39 6 | George Dole Wadley (2 photos including 1 cabinet photo) |
| 39 7 | Henrietta Wadley (1 carte-de-visite) |
| 39 8 | J. E. Wadley (1 carte-de-visite) |
| 39 9 | Loring Wadley, 1885 (1 cabinet photo) |
| 39 10 | Rebecca B. Wadley, 1866-1890 (3 photos including 1 carte-de-visite and 1 cabinet photo) |
| 39 11 | William M. Wadley, 1850-ca. 1880 (10 photos including 3 cartes-de-visite and 1 cabinet photo) |
| 39 12 | William Oconius Wadley, 1901 (1 cabinet photo) |
| 39 13 | Death mask of Napoleon (1 photo) |
| 39 14 | Cuba and Mexico scenes, ca. 1887 (26 photos mounted on album pages) |
| 39 15 | Albemarle Park, Asheville, N.C. (33 photos including album of 28 photos) |
| 39 16 | Raoul mansion exterior and interior (17 photos, 1 set of negatives) [See also OP1, folder 2] |
| 39 17 | Miscellaneous homes and buildings associated with Raoul family (6 photos) |
| 40 1 | Unidentified individuals (3 tintypes, 7 cartes-de-visite) |
| 40 2 | Unidentified individuals (6 cabinet photos) |
| 40 3 | Unidentified individuals (11 photos) |
| 40 4 | Unidentified individuals (12 photos, 1 silhouette) |
| 40 5 | Unidentified groups (6 photos including 2 tintypes) |
| 40 6 | Unidentified groups (11 photos) |
| 40 7 | Miscellaneous persons (31 photos - mainly snapshots including 1 cabinet photo) |
| 40 8 | Miscellaneous persons (28 photos mainly snapshots) |
| 40 9 | Miscellaneous scenes (23 photos mainly snapshots) |
| 40 10 | Miscellaneous scenes (31 photos mainly snapshots) |
| 40 11 | Miscellaneous scenes (37 photos mainly snapshots) |
| 41 1-2 | Scenes of Refrigerator Manufacturing Company, Chattanooga, Tennessee (16 stereographs) |
| 41 3-5 | Refrigerator models (24 stereographs) |
| 41 6 | Refrigerator models (6 stereographs, 1 pictorial envelope, 1 booklet) |
| 41 7 | Savannah, Georgia scenes (3 stereographs) |
| 41 8-11 | Paris views (83 stereographs) |

**Photo albums**

| 51 1 | Rose Bank" (1905), "Crow's Nest" (1905), Canon del Oro (1906), Reading Room Oracle (1905), unidentified photos from a [family trip out west?], 1905, 1906, family shot (1909) |
| 51 2 | Unidentified and undated [continuation of album 1?] |

**Oversized photographs**

<p>| OP1 | Loring Raoul, ca. 1902-1904 |</p>
<table>
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<tr>
<th>OP1</th>
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<th>Raoul sons, 1890</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OP1</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Great Hill Place, Bolingbroke, Georgia</td>
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<tr>
<td>OP1</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Unidentified groups</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OP1</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Raoul mansion: Interior</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Series 3  
Financial and legal papers, 1890-1970  
Boxes 42-45; OBV1

Scope and Content Note  
Raoul family financial and legal papers include records relating to the estates of W. G. Raoul and Mary Wadley Raoul, Eleonore Raoul's financial records, and a few miscellaneous materials.

The W. G. Raoul Estate papers are primarily real estate records relating to a group of Atlanta lots owned by Raoul on Piedmont Avenue between 11th and 14th Streets. These documents include abstracts of titles, warranty deeds, plats, and tax and improvement records (1890-1922). A folder relating to the Raoul Heirs, Inc., a corporation set up to administer the estate, contains stock certificates and correspondence between the heirs concerning taxes and the sale of stocks and property. The Mary Wadley Raoul Estate papers (boxes 43-44) include correspondence, reports, tax records, investment statements, and real estate records (1890-1953). Most of the real estate records relate to Mary W. Raoul's property holdings in Bibb County and the western part of Fulton County along Gordon Road. These records include agreements, contracts, deeds, plats, tax records, titles, and correspondence about repairs, rentals, and sales. Other real estate records relate to the Peachtree Street house and include agreements, leases, and correspondence concerning insurance, maintenance, rental, and the sale of the property to the American Red Cross in 1941. Mary Wadley Raoul's will (1936) is included as are files for the trust funds set up for her sons Tom and Norman. Much of the correspondence in these estate papers is between the Raoul children, particularly Gaston, as administrator of the Raoul Heirs, Inc., and Eleonore as executrix of the Mary Wadley Raoul Estate.

Records of Eleonore Raoul include statements of investments, tax returns, and miscellaneous financial and legal papers (1927-1970). Among the latter are items relating to her property in Highlands, North Carolina and a portion of her 1970 will.

Miscellaneous materials in this series concern the purchase of Great Hill Place (William M. Wadley Estate) by Mary Wadley Raoul (1921) and the construction on Lullwater Road of a home designed by architect W. T. Downing (1914).

W. G. Raoul estate papers and miscellaneous

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<td>1-8</td>
<td>W. G. Raoul Estate - Real estate records for property on Piedmont Avenue, 1890-1946</td>
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<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>W. G. Raoul Estate - Property tax receipts, 1913-1920</td>
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<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>W. G. Raoul Estate - Raoul Heirs, Inc., 1918-1946</td>
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<td>42</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>William M. Wadley Estate - miscellaneous, 1921-1923</td>
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<td>42</td>
<td>12-13</td>
<td>Lullwater Road home</td>
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<td>42</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>Miscellaneous family legal papers, 1962-1967</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>William Greene Raoul Lists of assets and debits; general outline of will</td>
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</table>

Mary W. Raoul estate papers

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>43</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Ledger, 1936-1948</td>
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</table>
Raoul family papers, 1865-1985

43  2  Will, 1936
43  3  Thomas Wadley Raoul Trust Fund, 1929-1953
43  4  Norman Raoul Trust Fund, 1931-1946
43  5-6 Bibb County property, 1923-1941
43  7-9 Fulton County properties, 1890-1948
43  10-11 Peachtree Street property, 1937-1941
44  1-4 General records, 1936-1951
44  5  Reports, 1936-1940
44  6-7 Tax records, 1936-1942
44  8  Statements, 1940-1941
44  9-14 Raoul Estates, Inc. - statements, 1940-1946

Eleonore Raoul records
45  1  Ledger, 1929-1932
45  2-8 Investment statements, 1927-1933
45  9-13 Tax returns, 1934-1945
45  14 Miscellaneous financial records, 1927-1950
45  15 Miscellaneous legal records, 1924-1970

Oversized volume
OBV  Ledger of Mary Wadley Raoul, 1932-1936
Series 4
Miscellaneous, 1881-1982
Box 46; OP 8-11

Scope and Content Note
Miscellaneous items in Series 4 include materials relating to the Raoul family/genealogy, the Raoul mansion, and writings about the Raoul family. Of particular interest in the Raoul family/genealogy material is a journal spanning nearly twenty years (1881-1899) containing entries written by each of the Raouls and documenting their lives in Savannah (1881-1886), New Brighton, New York (1889-1892), and Atlanta (1894-1899). Topics include the education, illnesses, and activities of the children, visits from relatives and friends, vacations and other travels. The births of the younger children are recorded, as well as the deaths of William Wadley, Edward Raoul, and Loring Wadley. Included in the journal are cablegrams, obituaries, other clippings, poems, and stories by the children.

Materials relating to the Raoul mansion include printed materials relating to the Mansion, blueprints of Raoul properties, a 1926 plat of the Druid Hills subdivision, and the original 1891 plan for landscaping the family's Peachtree Street house by architect Bradford Gilbert is also included.

Writings about the Raoul family include a photocopy of Mary Raoul Millis's *The Family of Raoul: A Memoir* (1943), as well as a typescript of her unfinished autobiography, written about 1953. The autobiography covers ca. 1870-1910, and breaks off at the point of her involvement with the Socialist Party. Subjects covered by the clippings include weddings and deaths, developments in Asheville, John Millis's army assignments, activities of the Millis children, and the Peachtree Street and Great Hill Place houses.

Arrangement Note
Arranged by record type.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Genealogy</th>
<th>Box</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>46</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Raoul family journal, 1881-1899</td>
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<td>46</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Gaston Cesar Raoul de Champmanoir: Baptismal record: Holograph copy, December 23, 1873</td>
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<td>46</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Jean Baptista Raoul de Champmanoir: Genealogical information: carbon typescript</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>46</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Theus and Raoul de Champmanoir families: Genealogical information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>46</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Correspondence Jane Raoul Bingham/ Emily L. Wenzel; William Gaston Raoul to Sam, July 26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>46</td>
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<td>Memorabilia - general, ca. 1886-1897</td>
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<td>46</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>Wedding invitations, calling cards, ca. 1890-1970</td>
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<td>OP4</td>
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<td>Wadley family genealogical chart</td>
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Raoul mansion
<p>| | | |</p>
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<tr>
<td>46</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>&quot;The Old in New Atlanta,&quot; by Elizabeth M. Sawyer and Jane Foster Matthew, 1978</td>
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<tr>
<td>46</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>Norman Raoul Clark: Correspondence: Raoul Mansion, 1984-1985</td>
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<tr>
<td>46</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>&quot;The Raoul Estate: History and Preservation: A Project Analysis Prepared for Citizens and Southern Bank&quot; by Urban Village Works, February 8, 1985 (1 original copy, 1 photocopy)</td>
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<tr>
<td>46</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>Clipping, March 4, 1985 and undated (photocopies)</td>
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<td>46</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>Publicity: Printer's proof copy</td>
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<td>OP2</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Plans for Raoul house at 708 Peachtree Street, 1891 and 1914</td>
</tr>
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<td>OP1</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>Plats of Raoul Family's Atlanta properties, 1913 and undated</td>
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<td>OP3</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Plat of Druid Hills, 1926</td>
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</table>

**Writings about Raoul family**

<p>| | | |</p>
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<tr>
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<td>1-2</td>
<td><em>The Family of Raoul: A Memoir</em> by Mary Raoul Millis, 1943 (photocopy)</td>
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<td>47</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>W. G. Raoul Foundation, Printed material, 1944</td>
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<td>47</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Autobiography of Mary Raoul Millis, 1953 (typescript), Chapters 1-2</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>Autobiography of Mary Raoul Millis, 1953 (typescript), Chapters 3-4</td>
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<td>Autobiography of Mary Raoul Millis, 1953 (typescript), Chapters 5-7</td>
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<td>Autobiography of Mary Raoul Millis, 1953 (typescript), Chapters 8-9</td>
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<td>8</td>
<td>Autobiography of Mary Raoul Millis, 1953 (typescript), Chapters 10-12</td>
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<tr>
<td>47</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>Autobiography of Mary Raoul Millis, 1953 (typescript), Appendices</td>
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<tr>
<td>47</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>History of Great Hill Place, Bolingbroke, Ga., 1973</td>
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<td>47</td>
<td>11</td>
<td><em>The Atlanta Historical Bulletin</em>, v. XIX, no. 2, 1975</td>
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<td>47</td>
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<td>&quot;Woman Suffrage Activities in Atlanta,&quot; <em>Atlanta Historical Journal</em>, v. XXIII, no.4, winter 1979/1980 (photocopy)</td>
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<td>47</td>
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<td>Clippings, 1886-1982</td>
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<td>47</td>
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<td>William Green Raoul: From Captain to Industry to Sergeant of Socialism: William Green Raoul and the Management of Southern Labor&quot; by Robert J. McMath, Jr., April 9, 1987</td>
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<tr>
<td>47</td>
<td>15</td>
<td><em>Atlanta Then, Atlanta Now</em> by Norman Shavin, undated</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Index of Selected Correspondents

Names of prominent local citizens, Georgia business and political leaders, some nationally prominent figures, and some schools and regional business concerns, are indexed here. Correspondence throughout Series 1; photographs of individuals in Series 2 and some special materials in Series 3 and 4 are covered by this index.

This is an index to selected correspondents, corporate names and photographic subjects, rather than a comprehensive index. Letters to or from and photographs of the thirteen family members prominently represented in Series 1 have not been individually indexed here.

Index reference to correspondence is to series number, box number, folder number, and number of items. For example, the notation "1 - 31:3 (2)" refers to Series 1, box 31, folder 3, two items. Series numbers have not been repeated when one individual is represented by multiple index entries from the same series. For example, "1 - 2:1 (1); 2:2 (1); 17:10 (1)" describes items all found in Series 1. Index reference to corporate name is to series and subseries number only; researchers should refer to subseries notes and inventories for more detailed information.

Alexander, Edwin Porter, 1835-1910
Series 1 - 2:1 (2); 2:5 (1)

Allen, William Frederick, 1846-1915
Series 1 - 2:4 (2)

Atlantic and Birmingham Railway Company
SEE Series 1.1

Bacon, Augustus Octavius, 1839-1914
Series 1 - 2:1 (1); 2:2 (1); 17:10 (1)

Baldwin, Roger Nash, 1884-
Series 1 - 17:16 (19)

Beaman, Charles Colesworth, 1840-1900
Series 1 - 2:3 (2)

Brown, Joseph Emerson, 1821-1894
Series 1 - 2:1 (1); 2:3 (1)

Bryan, William Jennings, 1860-1925
Series 1 : 2:5 (2)
Series 2 : 38:8 (2)

Calhoun, Abner Wellborn, 1846-1910
Series 1 - 7:8 (2)

Catt, Carrie Lane Chapman, 1859-1947
Series 1 - 31:3 (2); 33:1 (3)

Cavalier Corporation, Chattanooga, Tennessee
SEE Series 1.6

Corput, Felix Van Den, 1840-
Series 1 - 2:1 (1)

Culver Military Academy, Culver, Indiana
SEE Series 1.13

Diaz, Porfirio, Pres. Mexico, 1830-1915
Series 1 - 2:4 (1); 2:5 (1)

Downing, W. T.
SEE Series 3

Druid Hills
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Eleazer, Robert Burns, 1877-
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Georgia Institute of Technology, Atlanta, Georgia
SEE Series 1.7

Gilbert, Bradford, 1853-1911
SEE Series 1.5; 1.7; 4

Glenn, Thomas Kearney, 1868-1946
SEE Series 1.9

Goethals, George Washington, 1858-1928
Series 1 - 16:11 (1)

Hanson, John Fletcher, 1840-
Series 1 - 2:1 (1); 2:3 (2)

Hartsfield, William Berry, 1890-1971
Series 1 - 32:11 (1)

Haygood, Atticus Greene, 1839-1896
Series 1 - 2:2 (1)

Hepburn, Katharine, 1909-
Series 1 - 31:5 (1)

Irwin County Cotton Mills, Waycross, Georgia
SEE Series 1.5

J. F. Minis Company, Savannah, Georgia
SEE Series 1.6
Kennedy, Stetson  
Series 1 - 31:8 (1)

Keyser Manufacturing Company, Chattanooga, Tennessee  
SEE Series 1.6

Longstreet, Helen Dortch (Mrs. James)  
Series 1 - 34:10 (1)

Loomis Sanatorium, New York, New York  
SEE Series 1.10

McIntosh, Henry Martyn, 1852-  
Series 1 - 2:1 (1)

Millis, Walter, 1899-  
Series 1 - 31:2 (1); 31:6 (15); 31:7 (7)  
Series 2 - 36:10 (7)

Odorless Refrigerator Company, Chattanooga, Tennessee  
SEE Series 1.6; 1.13

Park, Robert Emory, d. 1909  
Series 1 - 2:1 (1)

Patterson, Hannah Jane, 1879-1937  
Series 1 - 30:5 (1); 33:1 (2)

Paul, Alice  
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Peabody, George Foster, 1852-1938  
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Peacock School, Atlanta, Georgia  
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Pratt Institute, New York, New York  
SEE Series 1.10

Ramspeck, Robert, 1890-  
Series 1 - 30:19 (1)

Russell, Richard Brevard, 1897-1971  
Series 1 - 30:19 (1)

S. M. Inman and Company, Macon, Georgia  
SEE Series 1.7

St. Joseph's Sanatorium, Asheville, North Carolina
SEE Series 1.10

Saint Timothy's School, Baltimore, Maryland
SEE Series 1.12

Senior, Clarence Ollson, 1903
Series 1 - 17:17 (11); 17:18 (8); 17:19 (15)

Sherwin, Belle, 1868-1955
Series 1 - 34:1 (1)

Shuler, Nettie Rogers, 1862-1939
Series 1 - 33:1 (1)

South Atlantic Car and Manufacturing Company, Waycross, Georgia
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Southern Saw Works, East Point, Georgia
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Tennessee Furniture Corporation, Chattanooga, Tennessee
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Trammell, Leander Newton, 1830-1900
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Wadley, William Morrill
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Watson, Thomas Edward, 1856-1922
Series 1 - 2:5 (1)

Wilkins, Josephine Mathewson, 1896-1977
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Willingham, Calder Baynard, 1852-1908
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Woodberry Forest School, Orange, Virginia
SEE Series 1.11; 1.13

Woolford, T. Guy
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